

Ultrasonic sensor UB500-F42-E6-V15

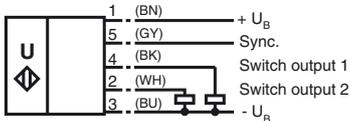


Features

- 2 independent switch outputs
- Extremely small unusable area
- TEACH-IN
- Interference suppression (adjustable width of sound cone in close range)
- Temperature compensation
- Synchronisation options
- NO/NC selectable

Electrical connection

Standard symbol/Connections:
(version E6, pnp)

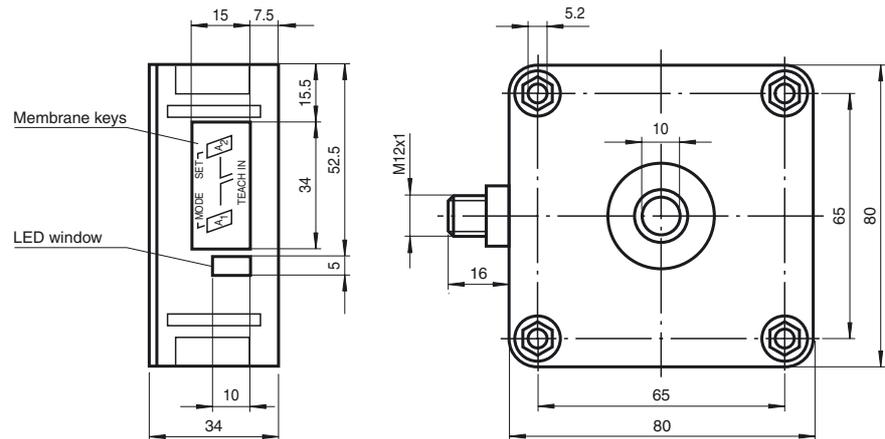


Core colours in accordance with EN 60947-5-2.

Connector V15



Dimensions



Technical data



General specifications

Sensing range	30 ... 500 mm
Adjustment range	50 ... 500 mm
Unusable area	0 ... 30 mm
Standard target plate	100 mm x 100 mm
Transducer frequency	approx. 390 kHz
Response delay	approx. 50 ms

Indicators/operating means

LED green	permanently green: Power on
LED yellow 1	permanent: switching state switch output 1 flashing: TEACH-IN function
LED yellow 2	permanent: switching state switch output 2 flashing: TEACH-IN function
LED red	normal operation: "fault" TEACH-IN function: no object detected

Electrical specifications

Operating voltage	10 ... 30 V DC , ripple 10 % _{SS}
No-load supply current I ₀	≤ 50 mA

Input/Output

Synchronisation	bi-directional 0 level: -U _B ...+1 V 1 level: +4 V...+U _B input impedance: > 12 KOhm synchronisation pulse: ≥ 100 μs, synchronisation interpulse period: ≥ 2 ms
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Synchronisation frequency

Common mode operation	≤ 95 Hz
Multiplex operation	≤ 95/n Hz, n = number of sensors

Output

Output type	2 switch outputs pnp, normally open/close selectable
Repeat accuracy	≤ 0.5 % of switching point
Rated operational current I _e	200 mA , short-circuit/overload protected
Voltage drop U _d	≤ 2.5 V
Switching frequency f	≤ 8 Hz
Range hysteresis H	1 % of the set operating distance
Temperature influence	± 1 % of full-scale value

Standard conformity

Standards	EN 60947-5-2
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Ambient conditions

Ambient temperature	-25 ... 70 °C (248 ... 343 K)
Storage temperature	-40 ... 85 °C (233 ... 358 K)

Mechanical specifications

Protection degree	IP54
Connection	connector V15 (M12 x 1), 5 pin
Material	
Housing	ABS
Transducer	epoxy resin/hollow glass sphere mixture; foam polyurethane, cover PBT
Mass	140 g

UB500-F42-E6-V15

Functional description

The sensor can be completely parameterised using 2 keys on the side of the housing. One special feature of this sensor is the option of adapting the ultrasonic beam width to the ambient conditions at the place where the sensor is used.

Default settings

- A1: blind range
- A2: nominal distance
- 2 x normally open function
- Wide ultrasonic beam width

Teach-in of switching points:

Teach-in of switching points is used to determine the points at which the switching outputs will change their state. In addition, the order of switching points $A1 < A2$, or $A1 > A2$ also determines the effective direction (normally closed/open function) of the window in the output function (operating mode) "Window + Switching point" (see below).

Teach-in of switching point A1 with key A1	
Press key A1 > 2 seconds	The sensor goes into learning mode for switching point A1
Position the target object at the desired distance	The sensor indicates by rapid flashing of the yellow LED that the target object has been detected. If no object is detected, the red LED flashes.
Press key A1 briefly	The sensor completes the Teach-in process for switching point A1 and stores the value in permanent memory. If the object is uncertain (red LED lit irregularly) the Teach-in value is not valid. Teach-in mode closes.

The process for Teach-in of switching point A2 is similar to what was described above, using key A2.

Special feature for output function "Window + switching point"

In the case of the output function (operating mode) "Window + switching point" (see below), switching points A1 and A2 define the window limits of switch output 1. A third switching point A3 can also be defined here at which switch output 2 switches.

Teach-in of switching point A3 with keys A1 and A2 (only for operating mode window + switching point, see below)	
Press key A1 + A2 > 2 seconds	The sensor goes into learning mode for switching point A3
Position the target object at the desired distance	The sensor indicates by rapid flashing of the yellow LEDs that the target object has been detected. If no object is detected, the red LED flashes.
Press key A1 briefly (output 2: normally closed) or Press key A2 briefly (output 2: normally open)	The sensor completes the Teach-in process for switching point A3 and stores the value in permanent memory. If the object is uncertain (red LED lit irregularly) the Teach-in value is not valid. Teach-in mode closes.

Teach-in for switching points can only be performed within the first 5 minutes after turning on the power supply. If the switching points need to be changed at a later time, this cannot be done until there is a new Power On.

Parameter assignment of the output function and ultrasound beam width

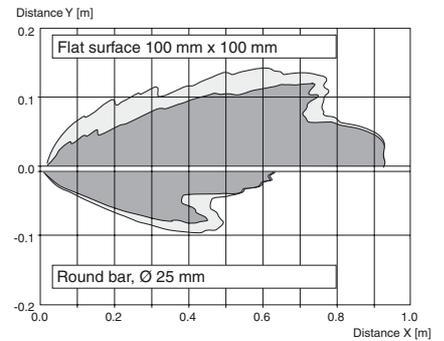
If you press the A1 key while the power supply is being turned on and then hold it down for 1 second, the sensor goes into the two-level parameterisation of operating modes.

Level 1, parametrisation of the output function

Pressing the A2 key briefly will cause the possible output functions to be selected one after the other (depending on the last output function to be parameterised). The functions are indicated by a flashing sequence of the green LED.

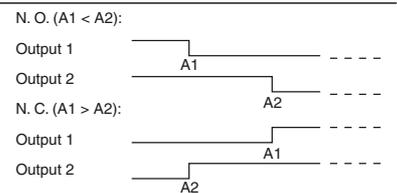
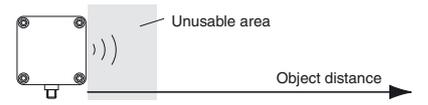
Characteristic curves/additional information

Characteristic response curve



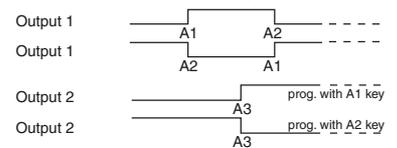
wide sonic beam
narrow sonic beam

Switching output programming

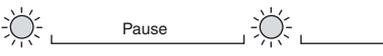
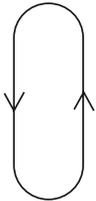
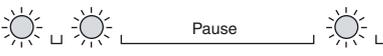


A1 → ∞, A2 → ∞: Object presence detection
Both outputs are active if Object within detection range.

Switching window and switching point:



Note:
→ ∞ means: cover transducer surface with your hand, while programming the output.
If A1 = A2, the output work like A1 < A2

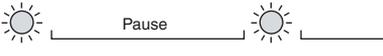
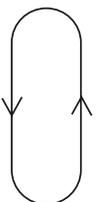
Operating mode	Flashing sequence of green LED	A2 key
2 x normally open function (default)		
2 x normally closed function		
2 switching points n.o. (output 1) + n.c. (output 2)		
Window (output 1) + switching point (output 2)		

Pressing the A1 key for 2 seconds saves the selected output operating mode. The parameter assignment process is then complete and the sensor returns to normal mode. If you press the A1 key briefly instead, you go to Level 2 (parameter assignment of ultrasonic beam range).

Level 2, parameter assignment of ultrasonic beam width

The ultrasonic beam width can be adjusted to match the requirements of the application in Level 2.

Pressing the A2 key briefly will cause the possible beam widths to be selected one after the other (depending on the last beam width to be parameterised). The functions are indicated by a flashing sequence of the red LED.

Beam width	Flashing sequence of red LED	A2 key
Narrow beam width		
Average beam width		
Wide beam (default)		

Pressing the A1 key for 2 seconds saves the selected type of beam width. The parameter assignment process is then complete and the sensor returns to normal mode. If you press the A1 briefly instead, you go back to Level 1 (parameter assignment of output function).

If parameterisation is not complete within 5 minutes (pressing the A1 key for 2 seconds), the sensor interrupts parameterisation mode without changing the settings.

Synchronisation

The sensor is equipped with a synchronisation connection to suppress mutual interaction. If it is not turned on, the sensor works at an internally generated cycle rate. Synchronisation of more than one sensor is possible in a number of different ways.

External synchronisation:

The sensor can be synchronised by the application of a square wave voltage externally. A synchronisation pulse on the synchronisation input results in the execution of a measurement cycle. The pulse width must be greater than 100 µs. The measurement cycle must be started with the falling signal edge. A Low level > 1 s or an open synchronisation input results in normal operation of the sensor. A High level on the synchronisation input deactivates the sensor.

Two different operating modes are possible

- Multiple sensors can be controlled by the same synchronisation signal. The sensors work on synonymous cycle.
- Synchronisation pulses are sent cyclically to only one sensor each time. The sensors work in Multiplex mode.

Self synchronisation:

The synchronisation connections of up to 5 sensors with option for self-synchronisation are connected with each other. These sensors work after turning on the operating voltage in Multiplex mode. The On delay increases depending on the number of sensors to be synchronised. Synchronisation is possible during Teach-in and vice-versa. Sensors must be operated unsynchronised to perform Teach-in of switching points.

Note:

If the option for synchronisation is not used, the synchronisation input can be connected with ground (0 V) or the sensor can be operated with a V1 connection cable (4-pin).

Accessories

Mounting aids

MH 04-3505
MHW 11

Cable sockets ^{*)}

V15-G-2M-PVC
V15-W-2M-PUR

^{*)} For additional cable sockets see section „Accessories“.